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<table style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%; vertical-align: top;"> <p>(21) International Application Number: PCT/US93/11947</p> <p>(22) International Filing Date: 9 December 1993 (09.12.93)</p> <p>(30) Priority Data: 07/990,854 11 December 1992 (11.12.92) US</p> <p>(60) Parent Application or Grant (63) Related by Continuation US 07/990,854 (CON) 11 December 1992 (11.12.92) Filed on</p> <p>(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): UNIVERSAL ELECTRONICS INC. [US/US]; 1864 Enterprise Parkway, Twinsburg, OH 44087 (US).</p> <p>(72) Inventors; and (75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only): DARBEE, Paul, V. [US/US]; 9852 Brentwood Drive, Santa Ana, CA 92705 (US). DU PERAULT, Don, G. [US/US]; 5444 Choctaw, Chino, CA 91710 (US). LUO, Qiuju [CN/US]; 8440 East Hillsdale Drive, Orange, CA 92669 (US). NGUYEN, Kimthoa, T. [US/US]; 5671 Lynnbrook Plaza, Yorba Linda, CA 92686 (US).</p> </td> <td style="width: 50%; vertical-align: top;"> <p>(74) Agent: VIGIL, Thomas, R.; Vigil & Hanrath, 836 S. Northwest Highway, Barrington, IL 60010 (US).</p> <p>(81) Designated States: AT, AU, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FI, GB, HU, JP, KR, KZ, LU, NL, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SE, SK, UA, US, VN, European patent (AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE).</p> <p>Published <i>With international search report. Before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of the receipt of amendments.</i></p> </td> </tr> </table>			<p>(21) International Application Number: PCT/US93/11947</p> <p>(22) International Filing Date: 9 December 1993 (09.12.93)</p> <p>(30) Priority Data: 07/990,854 11 December 1992 (11.12.92) US</p> <p>(60) Parent Application or Grant (63) Related by Continuation US 07/990,854 (CON) 11 December 1992 (11.12.92) Filed on</p> <p>(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): UNIVERSAL ELECTRONICS INC. [US/US]; 1864 Enterprise Parkway, Twinsburg, OH 44087 (US).</p> <p>(72) Inventors; and (75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only): DARBEE, Paul, V. [US/US]; 9852 Brentwood Drive, Santa Ana, CA 92705 (US). DU PERAULT, Don, G. [US/US]; 5444 Choctaw, Chino, CA 91710 (US). LUO, Qiuju [CN/US]; 8440 East Hillsdale Drive, Orange, CA 92669 (US). NGUYEN, Kimthoa, T. [US/US]; 5671 Lynnbrook Plaza, Yorba Linda, CA 92686 (US).</p>	<p>(74) Agent: VIGIL, Thomas, R.; Vigil & Hanrath, 836 S. Northwest Highway, Barrington, IL 60010 (US).</p> <p>(81) Designated States: AT, AU, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FI, GB, HU, JP, KR, KZ, LU, NL, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SE, SK, UA, US, VN, European patent (AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE).</p> <p>Published <i>With international search report. Before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of the receipt of amendments.</i></p>
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(54) Title: **REMOTE CONTROL DEVICE HAVING KEY FUNCTION REASSIGNMENT MODE**

(57) Abstract

The remote control device (10) has a microprocessor (38) including a CPU (44) and a memory (42); a keypad (20) including a set of keys (25) coupled to the microprocessor (38); lamp driver circuitry (62) coupled to the microprocessor (38); circuitry for generating IR signals coupled to the IR lamp driver circuitry (62); code data for executing command functions for a plurality of devices of different manufacturers stored in the memory (42); a Key Reassignment table in the memory (42) containing key identity, device ID, mode data and command function data; and a program stored in the memory (42) for reassigning a different function for the same or different device to a key (25) on the keypad (20) upon the inputting of a predetermined keystroke sequence on the keypad (20).

KEY REASSIGNMENT TABLE

ENTRY 1	KEY NUMBER	SHIFT BIT	MODE	DEVICE TYPE	COMMAND DATA
ENTRY 1					
ENTRY n					
LAST ENTRY					
	KEY NUMBER	SHIFT BIT	MODE	DEVICE TYPE	COMMAND DATA
END OF TABLE MARKER					

DEVICE DATA TABLE

OF DATA BYTES (n) IN THIS ENTRY
DATA BYTE 1
DATA BYTE n
OF DATA BYTES IN ENTRY

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REMOTE CONTROL DEVICE HAVING KEY FUNCTION REASSIGNMENT MODE

1. Field of the Invention.

The present invention relates to a remote control of the type which is hand held and which can be coupled via coded infrared signals with a remote control receiver built into a television or other remotely controlled electrical apparatus to turn on the apparatus, such as the television, at a distance, to adjust the volume, tone and brightness, to change channels, to turn the television off and to perform other functions, and more specifically to a remote control wherein functions can be moved or transferred to different keys or pushbuttons for the convenience of the user.

2. Description of the related art.

Heretofore it has been proposed to provide a reconfigurable remote control device and programmable functions for such a remote control device which will enable one to learn, store and retransmit infrared codes that are emitted from the remote control device for a remotely controlled apparatus, such as a television.

The Darbee et al U.S. Patent No. 4,959,810, discloses a universal remote control device having terminals for enabling code data to be supplied from outside the device through the terminals and a CPU to a RAM or ROM in the device.

Hand held remote controls of necessity have a finite number of keys and, because of the diversity of possible target devices, cannot offer a dedicated key for every possible function or feature.

Accordingly, dedicated keys are generally only provided for those functions which are common to almost all devices (e.g. Power, Volume, Channel Up/Down, etc.).

One approach to allowing a customer access to those special functions which are unique to his particular brand of remote control device (e.g. tracking or color adjustment, picture-in-picture, etc.) is to provide, in addition to the "standard" keys, a number of generic keys labeled, for example, A,B,C,D, etc. together with a booklet which lists, by brand and model, what functions are available on those keys as disclosed in the Darbee et al U.S. Patent No. 4,959,810.

The disadvantage of this method is that the number of keys is still quite limited, so the manufacturer of the universal

remote control device usually has to select by brand and model which special functions are or are not offered.

Another approach is to provide a special key which, when pressed, allows a multi-key entry sequence to access any one of
5 a large library of special functions. For example, pressing an "A" key followed by two digits (A-n-n) would provide access to up to 100 special, or "extended" functions. The disadvantage of this method is that it requires the user of the device to press the standard keys or pushbuttons multiple times in order
10 to access any of these extended functions.

As will be described in greater detail hereinafter, the remote control device of the present invention overcomes the foregoing disadvantages by including, in the operating program for the remote control device, executable programs or routines
15 which permit the individual user to assign any desired function to almost any key on the keypad. The user is thus able to individually customize his particular device so that his most frequently accessed functions are single keystrokes and/or in the most convenient locations on the keypad.

20 The executable routines or programs also allow the user to reassign keys "across devices". For example, if a user plays his TV sound through a stereo amplifier, he may wish to reassign the "MUTE" key such that, when his remote control device is switched to TV mode, the mute signal sent in response
25 to the button is that of the stereo amplifier, not that of the TV.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

According to the present invention there is provided a remote control device comprising: a microprocessor including a CPU and a memory; a keypad including a set of keys coupled to the microprocessor; lamp driver circuitry coupled to the microprocessor; circuitry for generating IR signals coupled to the IR lamp driver circuitry; code data for executing command functions for a plurality of devices of different manufacturers stored in the memory; a Key Reassignment table in the memory containing key identity function data for those keys which have been reassigned by the user; and a program stored in the memory for reassigning a different function for the same or different device to a key on the keypad upon the inputting of a predetermined keystroke sequence on the keypad.

Further according to the present invention there is provided a method for reassigning a key function to a key on a keypad in a remote control device of the type described above comprising the steps of: entering a predetermined keystroke sequence on the keypad; determining if the predetermined keystroke sequence is a command to perform special function processing to reassign to a key a function of a device to be controlled; determining if a function key has been depressed; storing the key identity and current mode into a "FROM" entry in the Key Reassignment Table; determining if the next key depressed is a mode key; setting the new mode; determining if a function sequence of keystrokes has been entered on the keypad for a valid function for the device and mode selected; obtaining device TYPE and command function data corresponding to the function and mode selected from the Key Reassignment Table; and, storing the data in a "TO" entry in the Key Reassignment Table, thereby establishing a "FROM=TO" relationship between the physical key ("FROM") and the new, reassigned, function which it is to perform ("TO").

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is a front perspective view of a remote control device constructed according to the teachings of the present invention.

5 **FIG. 2** is a front plan view of the control device shown in **FIG. 1** and shows the various keys or pushbuttons of the device.

FIG. 3 is a block electrical schematic circuit diagram of the remote control device shown in **FIGS. 1** and **2**.

10 **FIG. 4** is a flow chart of the steps performed by a key reassignment program entitled **KEY MOVER: NORMAL FUNCTION**.

FIG. 5 is a flow chart of the steps performed in the execution of a program for reassignment of a key function entitled **KEY MOVER: KEY REASSIGNMENT**.

15 **FIG. 6** is a table showing a Key Reassignment Table of the **KEY MOVER** program.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT(S)

Referring now to FIG. 1 in greater detail, there is illustrated therein a remote control device 10 constructed according to the teachings of the present invention.

5 As shown, the device 10 includes a housing 11 including an upper housing member 12 having a base panel 14, and a lower housing member 16. An overlay face panel 18 is positioned over the base panel 14 and has a keyboard layout, i.e. keypad 20, on the outer surface thereof.

10 The two panels 14 and 18 have openings therethrough for receiving elastomeric pushbuttons 25, for the keypad 20, all of which extend from and are fixed to or integral with an elastomeric body panel.

The pushbuttons 25 are arranged in rows and columns and
15 are identified as follows on the keypad 20:

	VCR	AUX	CABLE	TV
	A	B	C	POWER
	1	2	3	MUTE
	4	5	6	
20	7	8	9	
		0		VOL
			ENTER	
			RECALL	CH
			PAUSE	PLAY
25	REC	*	TV-VCR	STOP

This arrangement is shown in FIG. 2, and the manner in which these pushbuttons 25 are utilized in operating the control device 10 will be described in greater detail hereinafter.

30 At a top or forward end 28 of the device 10 there is provided an opening 30 for two light emitting diodes LED 1 and LED 2. The opening 30 is covered by an infrared-transparent lens 31. Also provided on a top surface 32 of the upper housing member 12 of the control device 10 is a light emitting
35 diode, LED 3, by which information is communicated to the user of the device 10.

FIG. 2 is a plan view of the keyboard or keypad 20 and shows the different keys or pushbuttons 25 of the control device 10 extending through the base panel 14 of upper housing

member 12 and the face panel 18 where the label or identification for each pushbutton or key 25 is shown. The light emitting diode LED 3 is also indicated.

FIG. 3 is a block electrical schematic circuit diagram of the operating circuitry 36 in the remote control device 10 which includes a microprocessor 38, including a RAM 40, a ROM 42 and a CPU 44. The keypad 20 is coupled to the microprocessor 38 by an interrupt line 46 and a bus 48 to the CPU 44.

10 A power supply in the form of a battery 50 is connected between a + voltage input 51 to the microprocessor 38 and a system ground 52. A backup battery 54 is connected through a diode 56 to the + voltage input 51 to maintain the data stored in the memory 42 and/or 44 to provide a non-volatile system.

15 A reset circuit 58 is coupled to the microprocessor 38, as shown.

An output of the CPU 44 is connected to an IR lamp driver circuit 62 which outputs a voltage to the two light emitting diodes LED 1 and LED 2.

20 The status indicating LED 3 is also connected to an input of the CPU 44.

The electrical circuitry 36 is generally of the type disclosed in greater detail in the Darbee et al U.S. Patent No. 4,959,810, the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference.

25 The operating program for the remote control device 10 which is stored in the ROM 42 or RAM 40 is very similar to the operating programs disclosed in the Darbee et al U.S. Patent No. 4,959,810, incorporated herein by reference, with the exception of the KEY MOVER routine or program described below, for moving or assigning a selected function to a selected key.

30 With reference to FIG. 4, in the normal operation of the KEY MOVER program, whenever a key is struck, the program determines whether or not it was the mode key and if it was then the mode of operation is changed.

35 If it was not, the program then determines whether it was the "A" key. If it was, a "Shift" status is set, enabling the program to "remember" during subsequent key presses that the "A" key had been struck.

If the answer is "No", the program then determines if the "B" key has been struck and the "Shift" status is in effect, and if the answer is "Yes", the program enters the special function processing mode for reassigning a key which is described in greater detail below and in connection with the description of FIG. 5.

This special function processing in the reassign mode of operation of the remote control device 10 allows the operator to reassign FUNCTION keys by typing on the keypad 20:

10 A-B-C-9-9-9 <From Func> <To Func>.

Thus, one can customize his/her keyboard or keypad 20.

If the user wants keys from a different mode (device) to replace existing keys, that can be done by typing on the keypad 20:

15 [From Mode] A-B-C-9-9-9 <From Func> [To Mode] <To Func>.

For example, if one wants Volume Up (VL+) from a CD to replace Volume Up for a TV, the user will type on the keypad 20:

TV A-B-C-9-9-9 VL+ CD VL+

20 Now, whenever the user is in the TV mode, pressing Volume Up will raise the volume on the CD player, not the TV. One can also make it so that the TV volume operates normally, but pressing keys:

A VL+

25 will operate the CD volume.

This is accomplished by typing on the keypad 20:

TV A-B-C-9-9-9 A VL+ CD VL+

A very desirable feature of the KEY MOVER program is that it allows one ready access to "extended" functions that would otherwise require several keystrokes. For example, if the remote control device 10 is of the type disclosed in U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 07/913,523 entitled: REMOTE CONTROL DEVICE WITH FUNCTION SYNTHESIS and where, to effect Color Up, one has to type on the keypad 20:

35 A-6-3-8,

one can move that function to the Channel Up key by typing:

TV A-B-C-9-9-9 A CH+ A-6-3-8.

Now, pressing CH+ will change channels on the TV normally, but pressing A CH+ will send Color Up.

One can assign alternate functions to any key except the mode (device) keys or the "A" key.

Returning to the program, if the pressing of the "B" key and setting of the "Shift" status have not occurred, the
5 program then determines whether a DIGIT (number) key has been depressed and whether the "Shift" status is in effect.

If the answer is "Yes", extended function processing is performed such as synthesizing of an alternate or extended function in the manner described in U.S. Patent Application
10 Serial No. 07/913,523 entitled: REMOTE CONTROL DEVICE WITH FUNCTION SYNTHESIS, the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference.

If the answer was "No" to the question of whether a DIGIT (number) key has been struck and "Shift" status is in effect,
15 the program scans the "FROM" entries in a Key Reassignment Table for a match on key number, "Shift" status and mode. Then, a determination is made to see if a match has been found. If a match is found, then the device data format and command =
20 data from the corresponding "TO" entry in the Key Reassignment Table is sent to the IR lamp driver circuit 62 and the IR code is transmitted based on that device data format and command data settings.

If no match was found, then the current mode's standard data for that key number and device data format is sent to the
25 IR lamp driver circuit 62 to cause the IR code to be transmitted on the standard device ID and command data setting.

After the IR code is transmitted, as well as after the performance of the special function and the extended function (synthesis), the "Shift" status is cleared.

30 Stated in a simplified way, whenever a key is struck, the KEY MOVER routine or program illustrated in FIG. 4, after checking for the striking of special keys or functions, begins by scanning a special table, the Key Reassignment Table, in memory. This table is for all keys which have been reassigned.
35 If a match is found, the program extracts from the second part of the table entry the device data format and command information to be sent in lieu of the standard assigned function for that key and mode.

If no match is found, the standard device data format and

command data are used.

The special KEY MOVER function program, protocol or subroutine is illustrated in FIG. 5 and starts with the detection of a key sequence, such as A-B-C-9-9-9.

- 5 Then, it is determined whether the next key pressed was "A". If "Yes", then the "Shift" bit is set in the Key Reassignment Table and the program waits for the depression of another key.

Next, the program determines if a function key has been
10 depressed. If "No", the program goes to exit.

If "Yes", the key number and current mode are stored into a "FROM" entry in the Key Reassignment Table (FIG. 6) and the program waits for the next key.

Next, a determination is made whether a mode key has been
15 depressed. If "Yes", the new mode is set and the program waits for the next key stroke.

After that, or if the answer was "No", a determination is made if one or more keys have been depressed for a valid function sequence. If "No", the program exits.

- 20 If "Yes", the program obtains a device data format and command data corresponding to the function and mode selected and stores this data into a "TO" entry in the Key Reassignment Table which is illustrated in FIG. 6.

Whenever a special key sequence "A-B-C-9-9-9" is used, the
25 operating program for the remote control device switches to the special function processing, KEY MOVER, program illustrated in FIG. 5, i.e. the "KEY MOVER" program as explained above and as indicated in the special function processing step of FIG. 4 and as further described in connection with the description of the
30 flow chart in FIG. 5.

If a complete definition of the device data format requires more space than is provided for in the Key Reassignment Table shown in FIG. 6, the initial table entry under "DEVICE TYPE" simply may be a pointer to a secondary
35 table, DEVICE DATA TABLE, containing additional information, as shown in FIG. 6.

From the foregoing description, it will be apparent that the KEY MOVER program of the present invention provides a number of advantages some of which have been described above

and others of which are inherent in the invention. In particular, a dedicated or universal remote control device having the KEY MOVER program therein enables the user of the device to customize his particular device so that his most
5 frequently accessed functions are single key strokes and/or in the most convenient location on the keypad 20. Also, the method of the present of the present invention, the KEY MOVER program, and operating keys (A-B-C-9-9-9) can be modified without departing from the teachings of the present invention.
10 Accordingly, the scope of the invention is only to be limited as necessitated by the accompanying claims.

CLAIMS

I Claim:

1. A remote control device comprising:
 - a microprocessor including a CPU and memory means;
 - 5 a keypad including a set of keys coupled to said microprocessor;
 - lamp driver circuitry coupled to said microprocessor;
 - means for generating IR signals coupled to said IR lamp driver circuitry;
 - 10 code data for executing command functions of a plurality of devices of different manufacturers stored in said memory means;
 - a Key Reassignment table in said memory means containing key identity mode data, device data format, and function data;
 - 15 and
 - program means stored in said memory means for assigning a different function for the same or different device to a key on the keypad upon the inputting of a predetermined keystroke sequence on said keypad.
- 20 2. The remote control device of claim 1 wherein said keypad includes device keys, mode keys and alpha numeric keys.
3. The remote control device of claim 2 wherein said predetermined keystrokes are a combination of letter keystrokes and number keystrokes.
- 25 4. The remote control device of claim 3 wherein the predetermined keystrokes are three letter keystrokes followed by three number keystrokes.
5. The remote control device of claim 4 wherein the keystrokes for the letter keystrokes are A-B-C and the
- 30 keystrokes for the number keystrokes are 9-9-9.
6. The remote control device of claim 1 wherein the Key Reassignment Table includes, for each key, key identity mode data, device data format, and command function data.
7. A method for reassigning a function to a key on a
- 35 keypad in a remote control device including:
 - a microprocessor comprising a CPU and memory means;
 - a keypad including a set of keys coupled to the CPU;
 - lamp driver circuitry coupled to the microprocessor;
 - means for generating IR signals coupled to the IR lamp

driver circuitry;

code data for executing command functions for a plurality of devices of different manufacturers stored in said memory means; and,

- 5 a Key Reassignment Table in said memory means containing key identity and mode, device data format, and command function data,

said method comprising the steps of:

entering a predetermined keystroke sequence on the keypad;

- 10 determining if the predetermined keystroke sequence is a command to perform special function processing to reassign to a key a function of a device to be controlled;

determining if a function key has been depressed;

storing the key identity and current mode into a "FROM"

- 15 entry in the Key Reassignment Table;

determining if the next key depressed is a mode key;

setting the new mode;

- 20 determining if a function sequence of keystrokes has been entered on the keypad for a valid function for the device and mode selected;

obtaining device data format and command function data corresponding to the function and mode selected from the Key Reassignment Table; and,

- 25 storing the data in a "TO" entry in the Key Reassignment Table.

8. The method of claim 7 wherein said keystrokes for initiating the special function of reassignment include alpha numeric keystrokes.

9. The method of claim 8 wherein the alpha numeric
30 keystrokes are A-B-C and 9-9-9.

10. A remote control device comprising:

a microprocessor including a CPU and memory means;

a keypad including a set of keys coupled to said microprocessor;

- 35 lamp driver circuitry coupled to said microprocessor;

means for generating IR signals coupled to said IR lamp driver circuitry;

code data for executing command functions for a plurality of devices of different manufacturers stored in said memory

- means;
- a Key Reassignment Table in said memory means containing key identity and mode, device data format, and command function data;
- 5 means for sensing when a predetermined keystroke sequence has been entered on the keypad;
- means for determining if the predetermined key stroke sequence is a command to perform special function processing to reassign to a key a function for a device;
- 10 means for determining if a function key has been depressed;
- means for storing the key identity and current mode into a "FROM" entry in the Key Reassignment Table;
- means for determining if the next key depressed is a mode
- 15 key;
- means for setting the new mode;
- means for determining if a function sequence of keystrokes has been entered on the keypad for a valid function for the device and mode selected;
- 20 means for obtaining device data format and command function data corresponding to the function and mode selected; and
- means for storing the data in a "TO" entry in the Key Reassignment Table.
- 25 11. A remote control device comprising:
- a microprocessor including a CPU and memory means;
- a keypad including a set of keys coupled to said microprocessor;
- means for generating IR signals coupled to said
- 30 microprocessor;
- code data for executing IR command functions stored in said memory means;
- a Key Reassignment table in said memory means containing key identity, device data format and function data; and
- 35 program means stored in said memory means for assigning a different function to a key on the keypad at the choice of the user of the device.

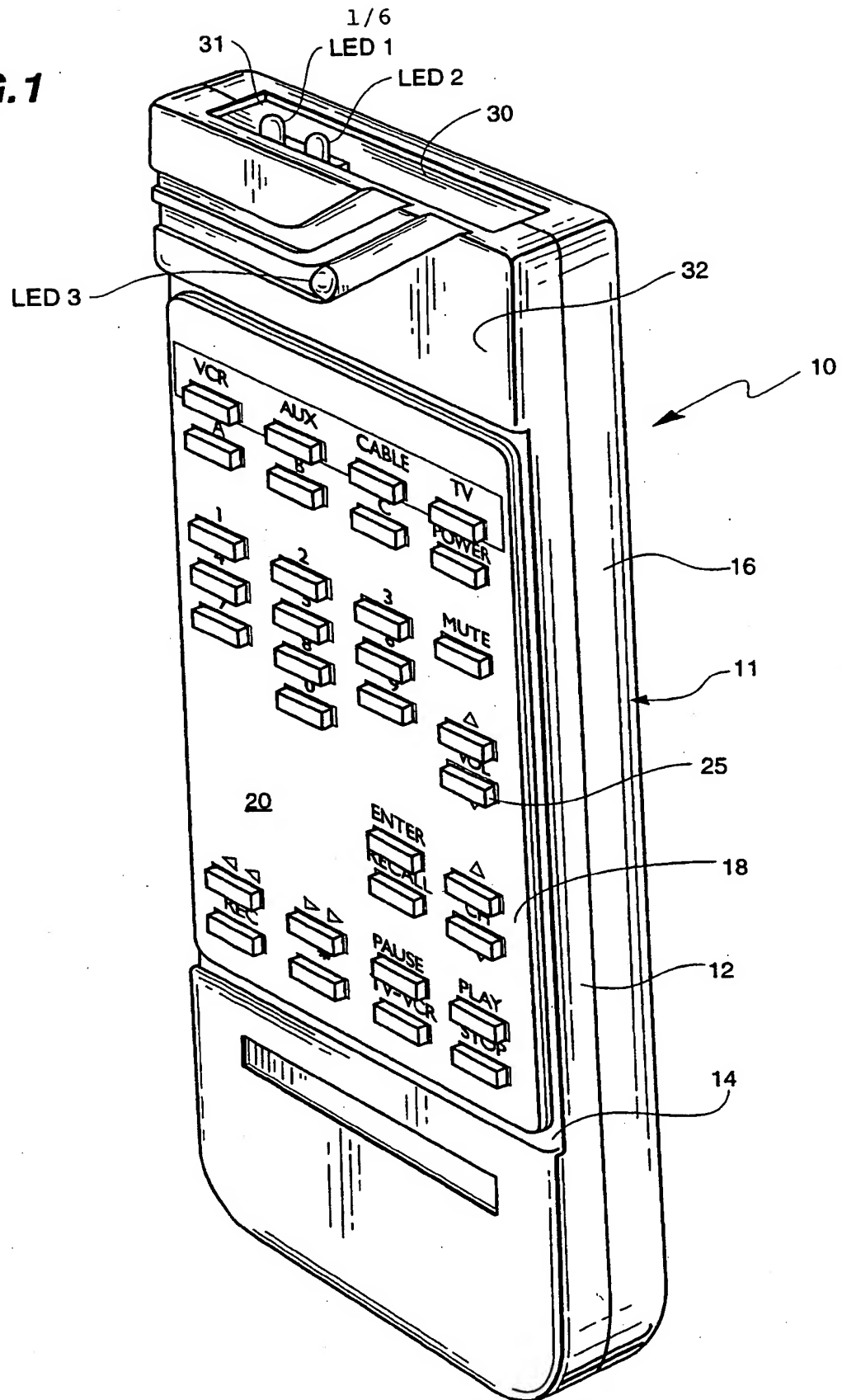
FIG. 1

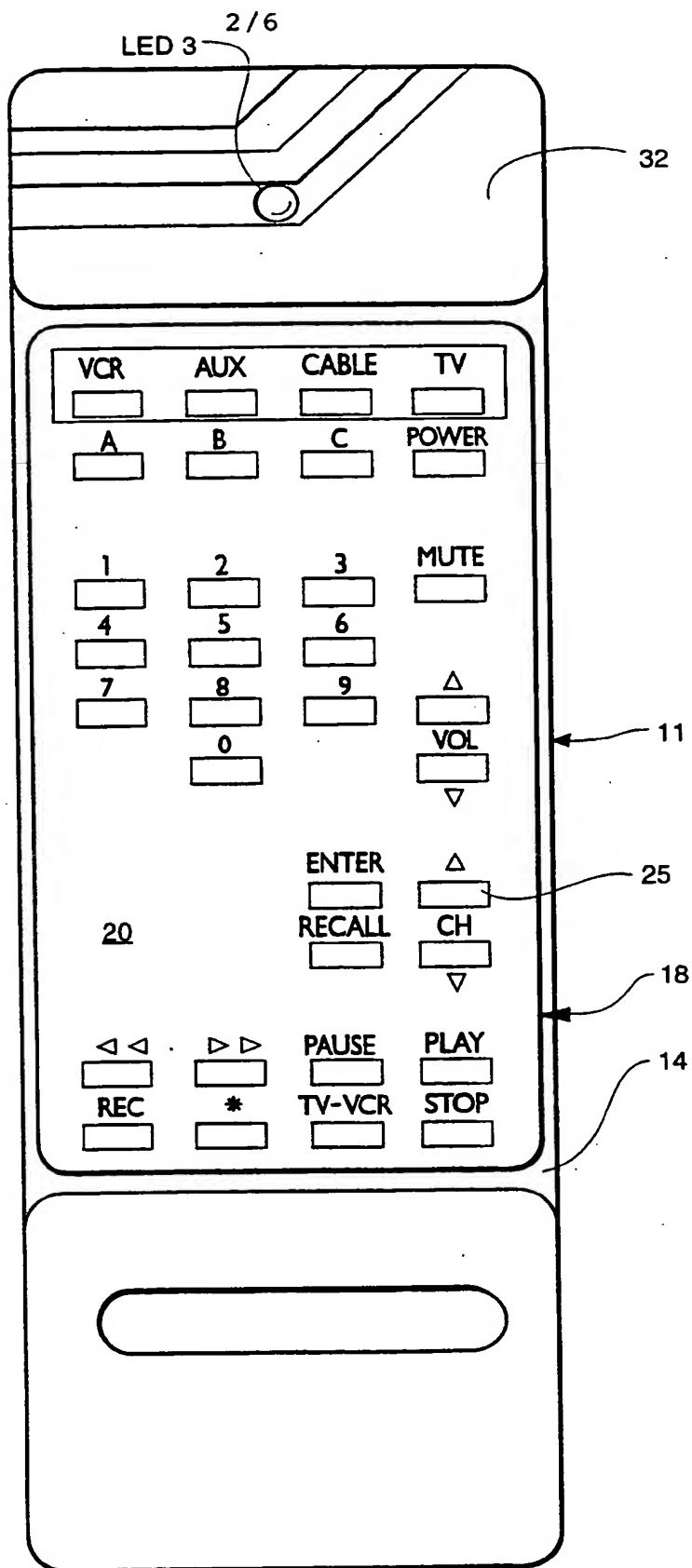
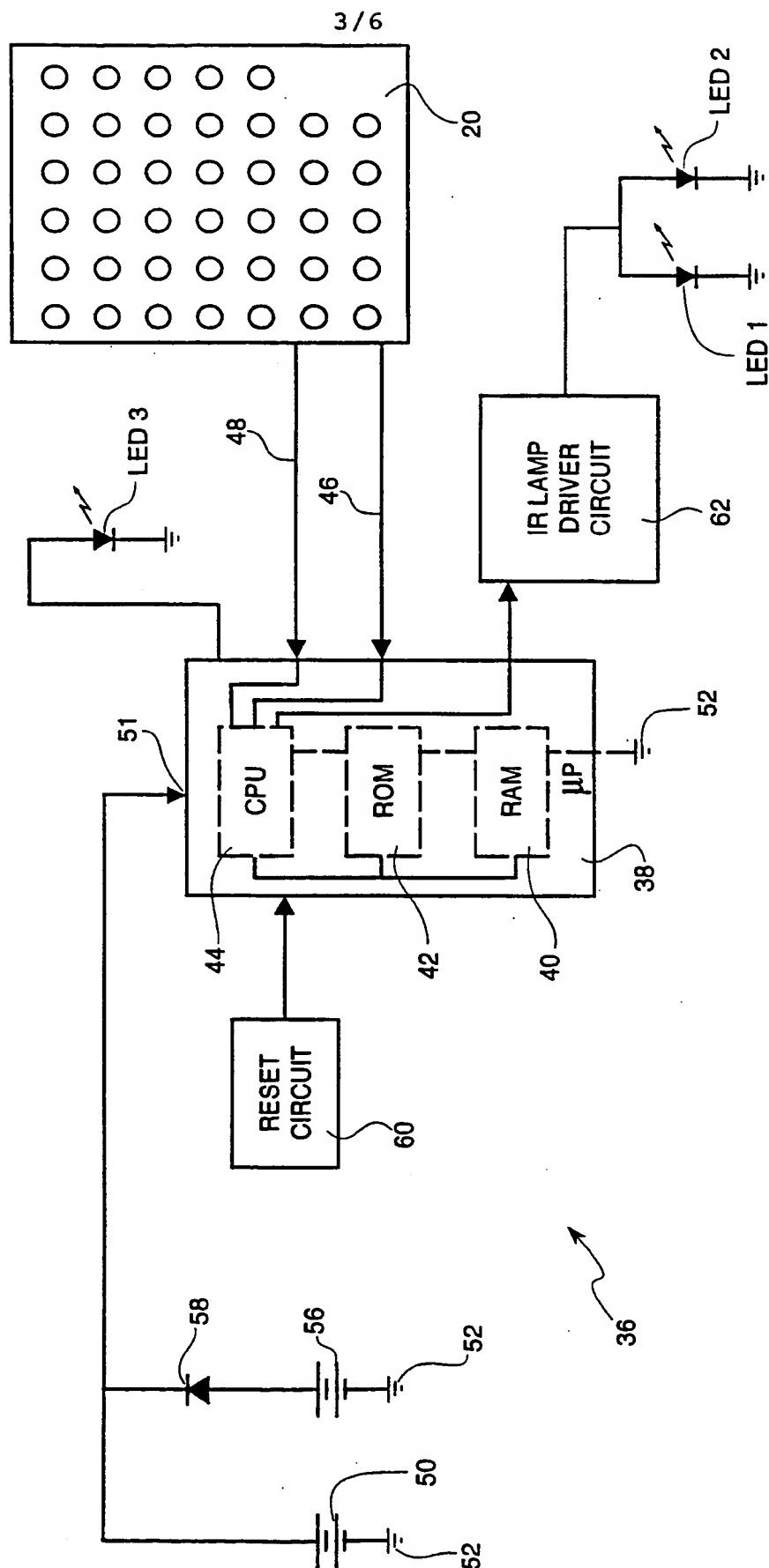
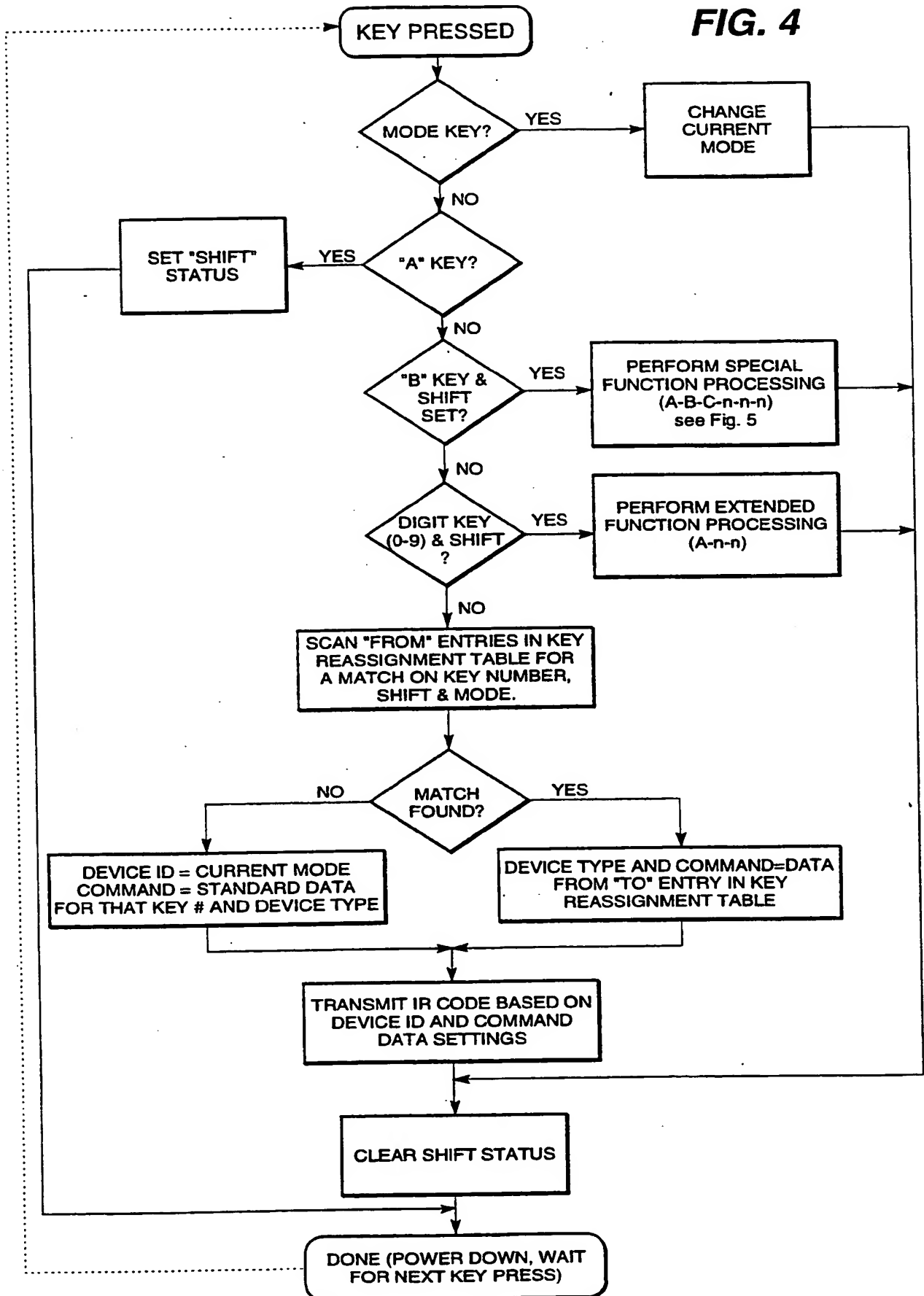
FIG.2

FIG. 3



4 / 6

FIG. 4



5/6

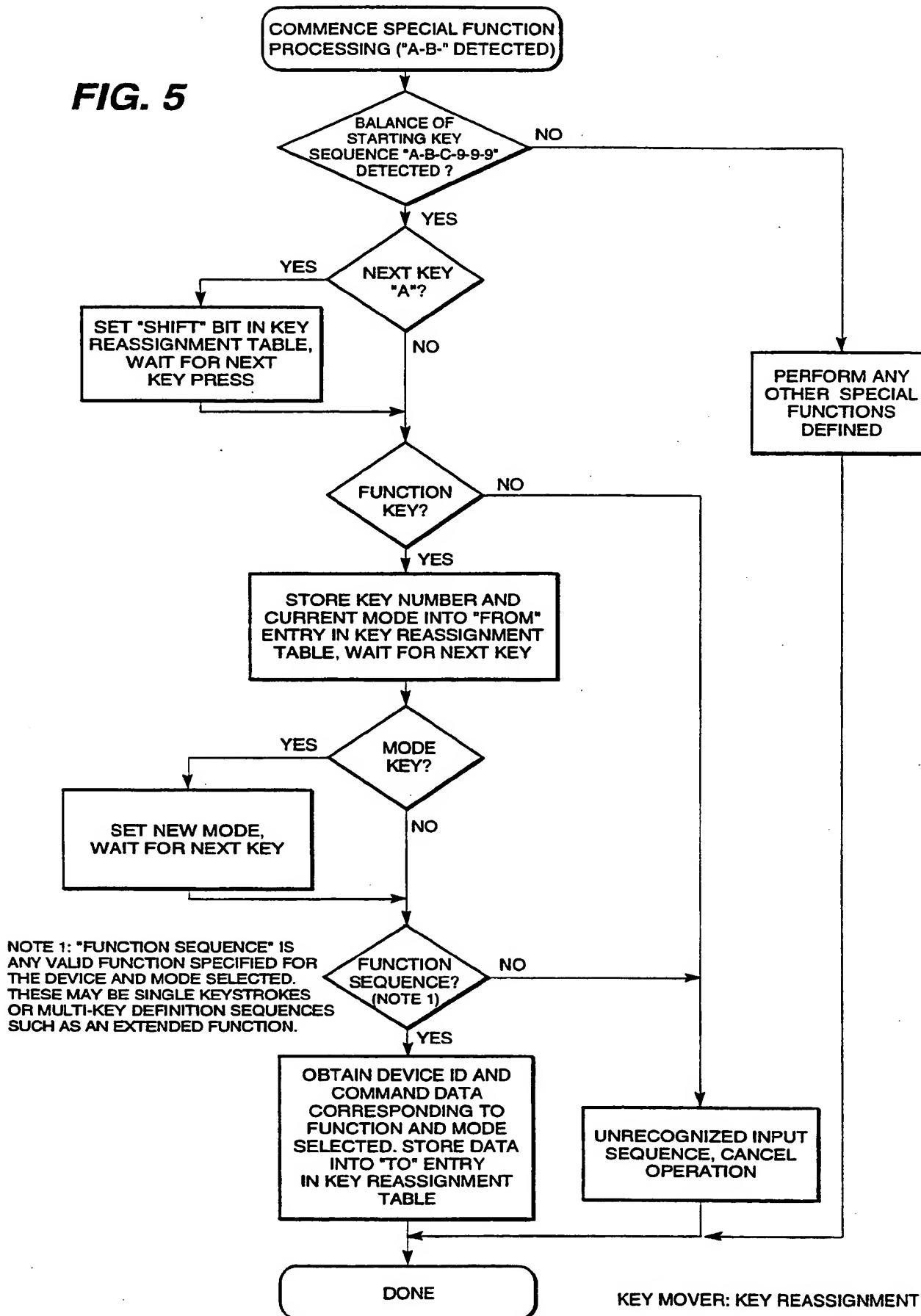
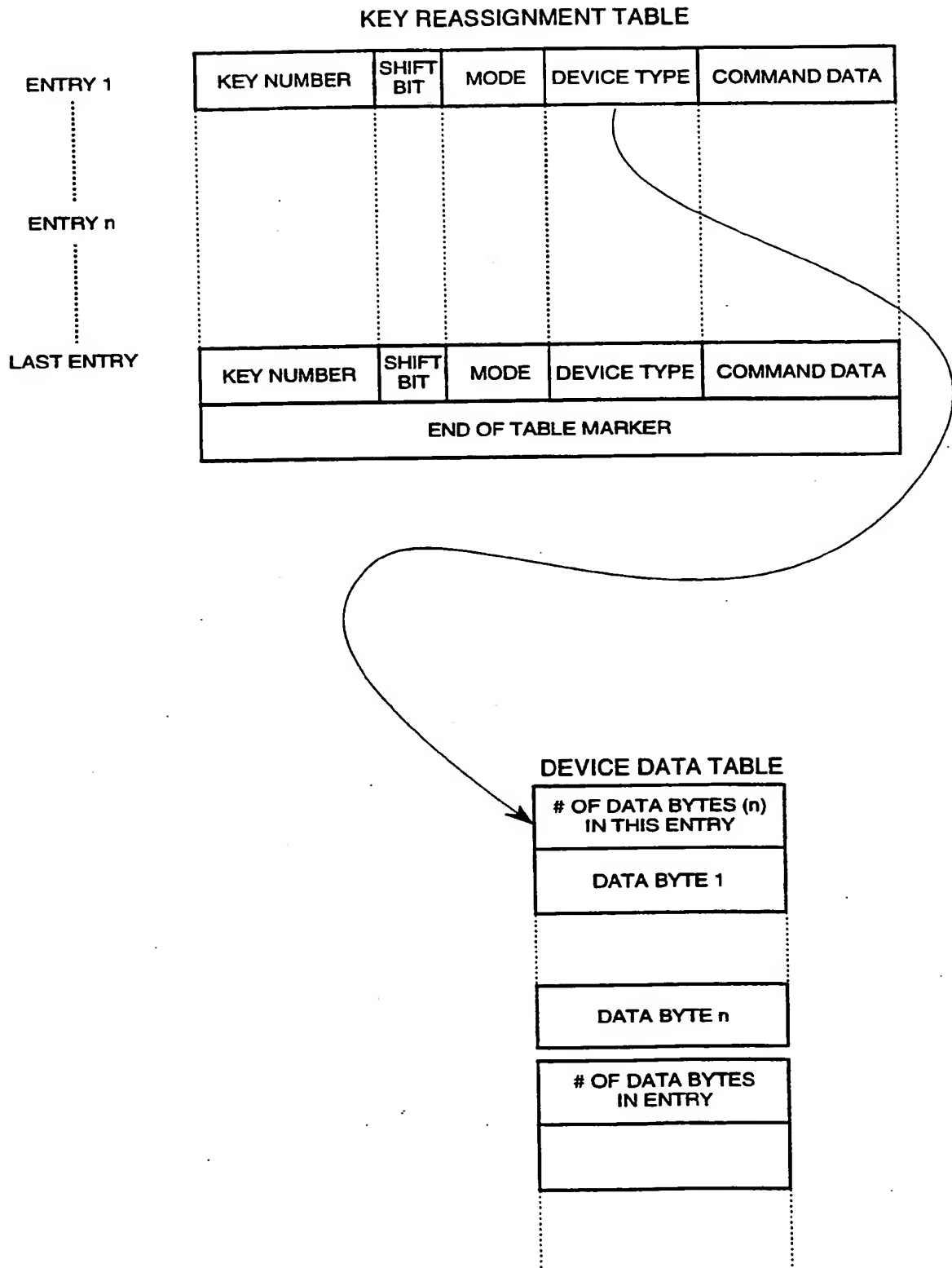
FIG. 5

FIG. 6



INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

National Application No

PCT/US 93/11947

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER
IPC 5 H03J1/00 H04B1/20

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC 5 H03J H04B H03M

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
Y	EP,A,0 289 625 (SONY CORPORATION) 9 November 1988 see abstract ---	1-3
Y	US,A,4 291 385 (OSBORNE) 22 September 1981 see column 2, line 10 - line 19 ---	1-3
A	US,A,4 626 847 (ZATO) 2 December 1986 see the whole document ---	1,7,10
A	PATENT ABSTRACTS OF JAPAN vol. 14, no. 252 (E-934)30 May 1990 & JP,A,02 072 791 (SONY CORP) 13 March 1990 see abstract -----	1,7,10

☐ Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.☒ Patent family members are listed in annex.

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Date of the actual completion of the international search

21 March 1994

Date of mailing of the international search report

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

National Application No

PCT/US 93/11947

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US-A-4626847	02-12-86	NONE	

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